

SAFETY DATA SHEET ISOFLEX SPECIAL PRIMER

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product name ISOFLEX SPECIAL PRIMER

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Primer.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Ronseal Ltd

Thorncliffe Park Chapeltown Sheffield S35 2YP

+44 (0) 114 246 7171 enquiry@ronseal.co.uk sds@ronseal.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Tel +44 (0) 114 246 7171 (office hours only)

Fax +44 (0) 114 245 5629

Contact Person

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (1999/45/EEC) R42/43. Xi;R36. R10.

2.2. Label elements

Contains DIPHENYLMETHANE-4,4'-DI-ISOCYANATE

Labelling



Harmful

S45

S46

Risk Phrases

R10 Flammable.
R36 Irritating to eyes.

R42/43 May cause sensitisation by inhalation and skin contact.

Safety Phrases

S2 Keep out of the reach of children.

S13 Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.

S23 Do not breathe vapour/spray. S24/25 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water

and seek medical advice.

In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice

immediately (show label where possible).

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this

container or label.

S56 Dispose of this material and its container to hazardous or special

waste collection point.

Report Date: 03/12/2012 2 / 8

SDS No. 10123

ISOFLEX SPECIAL PRIMER

S63 In case of accident by inhalation: remove casualty to fresh air and

keep at rest.

P4 Contains isocyanates. See information supplied by the

manufacturer.

2.3. Other hazards

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE				
CAS-No.: 108-65-6	EC No.: 203-603-9			
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Liq. 3 - H226		Classification (67/548/EEC) R10 Xi:R36		

DIPHENYLMETHANE-4.4'-DI-ISOCYANATE

2.5-10%

CAS-No.: 101-68-8 EC No.: 202-966-0

Classification (EC 1272/2008) Classification (67/548/EEC)

Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Xn;R20
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 R42/43
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Xi;R36/37/38
Resp. Sens. 1 - H334

Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Carc. 2 - H351 STOT SE 3 - H335 STOT RE 2 - H373

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

Composition Comments

Contains diphenyl methane-4, 4-diisocyanate.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation

Remove to fresh air, keep the patient warm and at rest. If breathing has stopped administer artificial respiration. Give nothing by mouth. If unconscious, place in the recovery position and seek medical advice.

Ingestion

If accidentally swallowed rinse the mouth with plenty of water (only if person is conscious) and obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water, or use a recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Seek medical advice if any irritation persists.

Eye contact

Contact lenses should be removed. Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Report Date : 03/12/2012 3 / 8 SDS No. 10123

ISOFLEX SPECIAL PRIMER

5.1. Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media

Fire can be extinguished using: recommended: alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO2), powders, water spray/ mist. Not to be used for safety reasons: water jet.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special Fire Fighting Procedures

Fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous products of combustion (see Section 10). Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health. Appropriate self-contained breathing apparatus may be required. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or watercourses.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.2. Environmental precautions

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Exclude non-essential personnel. Avoid breathing vapours. Refer to protective measures listed in Section 7 and 8. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth or vermiculite, and place in a suitable container for disposal in accordance with the waste regulations (see Section 13). Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid the use of solvents. If the product enters drains or sewers, immediately contact the local water company; in the case of contamination of streams, rivers or lakes, the relevant environment agency.

6.4. Reference to other sections

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. Non-sparking tools should be used. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in application area. Provide good ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapour and spray mist. Avoid skin and eye contact. Prevent airborne concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. For personal protection, refer to Section 8. Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should only be employed in processes in which this product is used under appropriate medical supervision. This product contains a respiratory sensitiser. Advice should be taken from a competent occupational health practitioner on assessment and and health surveillance of employees exposed to this product (the HSE's Employment Medical Advisory Service can advise on competency). This product contains a skin sensitiser. Hands should be inspected on a regular basis for any signs of skin damage or inflammation. If in doubt, advice should be taken from a competent health practitioner on assessment and health surveillance of employees exposed to this product (the HSE's Employment Medical Advisory Service can advise on competency).

The Manual Handling Operations Regulations may apply to the handling of containers/packages of this product. Refer to the guide weight indicated on the container when carrying out assessments.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed. Observe the label precautions. Keep in a cool, dry, well ventilated place, away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Store between 5°C and 25°C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat and direct sunlight. Do not store near foodstuffs. Store separately from oxidising agents and strongly alkaline and strongly acidic materials.

Product will react with moisture. Do not open tins until product is to be used.

The principles contained in the HSE Guidance Note: Storage of Packaged Dangerous Substances, should be observed when storing this product.

To avoid the risk of spillage, always store and transport in a secure and upright position.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Name	STD	TWA - 8 Hrs		STEL - 15 Min		Notes
2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE	WEL	50	274	100	548	
		ppm(Sk)	mg/m3(Sk)	ppm(Sk)	mg/m3(Sk)	
DIPHENYLMETHANE-4,4'-DI-ISOCYANATE	WEL		0.02		0.07	
			mg/m3(Sen)		mg/m3(Sen)	

Report Date : 03/12/2012 4 / 8

SDS No. 10123

ISOFLEX SPECIAL PRIMER

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and/or solvent vapours below the relevant occupational exposure limits, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be worn.

Respiratory equipment

If exposure to hazardous substances identified above cannot be controlled by the provision of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be worn.

Hand protection

When skin exposure may occur, advice should be sought from glove suppliers on appropriate types. Barrier creams may help to protect exposed areas of skin but are not substitutes for full physical protection. They should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Eye protection

Eye protection designed to protect against liquid splashes should be worn.

Other Protection

Cotton or cotton/synthetic overalls or coveralls are normally suitable. Grossly contaminated clothing should be removed and the skin washed with soap and water or a proprietary skin cleaner. If clothing becomes heavily splashed, remove and replace. Do not reuse.

All personal protective equipment, including respiratory protective equipment, used to control exposure to hazardous substances must be selected to meet the requirements of the COSHH Regulations.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Viscous liquid.

Colour Straw.

Odour Characteristic. Solvent.

Solubility Slightly soluble in water.

Relative density 0.95 - 1.05 @ 25

Viscosity 40 - 140 mPas @ 25

Flash point 43 approx. CC (Closed cup).

9.2. Other information

Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) 610 max. g/litre

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable if stored under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7). Avoid contact with moisture (water) prior to use.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Keep away from oxidising agents and strongly alkaline and strongly acidic materials.

10.5. Incompatible materials

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In a fire, hazardous decomposition products such as smoke, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen cyanide, amines and alcohols may be produced.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Report Date : 03/12/2012 5 / 8

SDS No. 10123

ISOFLEX SPECIAL PRIMER

Toxicological information

There is no data available on the product itself. The product has been assessed following the conventional method in CHIP and is classified for toxicological hazards accordingly. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact. See Sections 2 and 15 for details of the resulting hazard classification.

Exposure to organic solvent vapours in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as irritation of the mucous membrane and the respiratory system and adverse effects on the kidney, liver and central nervous systems. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the product may lead to removal of natural fats from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. Splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible local damage. Based on the properties of the isocyanate content of this product, respiratory exposure may cause acute irritation and/or sensitisation of the respiratory system, resulting in asthmatic symptoms, wheezing and a tightness of the chest. Sensitised persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to airborne concentrations of isocyanates well below the occupational exposure limit. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Persons already sensitised to diisocyanates may develop allergic reactions when using this product. Person suffering from asthma, eczema or skin problems should avoid contact, including dermal contact, with this product.

Inhalation

This product should not be used under conditions of poor ventilation unless a protective mask with an appropriate gas filter (ie type A1 according to Standard EN 14387) is used.

Medical Symptoms

COSHH requires that persons exposed to products containing a respiratory sensitiser at a concentration above 1% (or a lower level if indicated as such in the Approved Supply List), to be subject to appropriate health surveillance. COSHH requires that persons exposed to products containing a skin sensitiser at a concentration of above 1% (or a lower level if indicated as such in the Approved Supply List), to be subject to appropriate health surveillance. Publications giving quidance on health surveillance are listed in Section 15.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

The product has been assessed following the conventional method in CHIP and is classified for ecological hazards accordingly. See Sections 3 and 15 for details.

12.1. Toxicity

Acute Fish Toxicity

There is no data available on the mixture itself.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Degradability

There is no data available on the product itself.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

12.4. Mobility in soil

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Report Date: 03/12/2012 6 / 8

SDS No. 10123

ISOFLEX SPECIAL PRIMER

Do not allow into drains or watercourses, or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes and emptied containers are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with The Environmental Protection (Duty of Care) Regulations (in England, Scotland & Wales) or The Controlled Waste (Duty of Care) Regulations in Northern Ireland. Using information provided in this data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

General

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in an accident or spillage.

Limited Quantity concessions may apply to the carriage of this product.

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID/ADN) 1866 **UN No. (IMDG)** 1866

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name RESIN SOLUTION, flammable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID/ADN Class Class 3: Flammable liquids.

IMDG Class 3

Transport Labels



14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID/ADN Packing group III
IMDG Packing group III

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally Hazardous Substance/Marine Pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

EMS F-E; S-E
Tunnel Restriction Code (D/E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Uk Regulatory References

The product is classified and labelled for supply in accordance with the Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations [CHIP]

The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks as required by other health and safety legislation.

The provisions of the Health and Safety at Work etc. Act and the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations apply to the use of this product at work.

Report Date : 03/12/2012 7 / 8 SDS No. 10123

ISOFLEX SPECIAL PRIMER

The Manual Handling Operations Regulations

The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations.

The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations.

European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road [ADR] Guidance Notes

Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

Respiratory sensitisers and COSHH - a guide for employers, INDG95.

Isocyanates:health hazards and precautionary measures, EH16.

Surveillance of people exposed to health risks at work, (ISBN 0 11 885574 3)

EU Legislation

Dangerous Substance Directive 67/548/EEC. Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC. Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC, including amendments.

Water hazard classification

There is no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses, or be deposited where it can affect ground or surface waters.

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

General information

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and current national legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications.

The product should not be used for purposes other than those shown in section 1 without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. As the specific conditions of use of the product are outside the supplier's control, the user is responsible for ensuring that the requirements of relevant legislation are complied with.

For specific guidance contact Ronseal Technical Services. [Helpline +44 (0) 114 240 9469] ; Email: enquiry@ronseal.co.uk Revision Comments

New format.

 Revision Date
 26-11-2012

 SDS No.
 10123/2

Risk Phrases In Full

R10 Flammable.

R20 Harmful by inhalation.

R36/37/38 Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

R36 Irritating to eyes.

R42/43 May cause sensitisation by inhalation and skin contact.

Hazard Statements In Full

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H373 May cause damage to organs << Organs>> through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

ISOFLEX SPECIAL PRIMER

Disclaimer

Information contained in this Safety Data Sheet is based on data considered to be accurate at the time of its preparation. Despite our efforts, it may not be up to date or applicable to the circumstances of any particular case.,

The supplier accepts no responsibility whatsoever (except otherwise provided in law) for any damage or injury resulting from abnormal use, from any failure to follow appropriate practices or from hazards inherent in the product.